(XLIIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2132.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1787.

HAGUE, *August* 11.

THE French ambaſſador has received a courier from the prime miniſter at Paris, with diſpatches of great importance, and which the meſſenger was but forty eight hours in bringing from Paris. At the ſame time a courier was ſent from Paris to Berlin, no doubt with diſpatches of equal importance.

LONDON, *Auguſt* 25.

We have every reaſon to believe that a congreſs has been propoſed to our court, which, after much deliberation, has been accepted. We cannot learn the particulars of this intelligence, but are happy to announce ſo pacific a diſpoſition on the part of France, which bids fair to produce an amicable adjuſtment of all the differences now ſubſiſting in Holland, and probably to preſerve the peace of Europe for a great number of years.

Aug. 31. A private letter from the Hague, received by a merchant in the city, ſays, That the troubles in Holland are increaſing; the princeſs of Orange was preparing to go to Berlin by the deſire of the king of Pruſſia, where ſhe is to ſtay till the diſturbances have ſubſided. The ſame letter ſays, it is expected there, that the Engliſh and Pruſſian ambaſſadors will both be ordered home in a very ſhort time, unleſs affairs aſſume a more favourable aſpect.

Advices from Geneva ſay, that many Dutch families have arrived there, who receive the utmoſt encouragement.

Commodore Van Kliemert has received peremptory orders from the admiralty board of Rotterdam, to ſail up the Meaſe with a fleet of ſhips of war, to ſtop the paſſage of all veſſels down the Rhine; and the people in the dock-yards have worked night and day to get this fleet ready, though it is but ſmall; the commodore's ſhip, the Brille, carries 24 guns.

War or peace is now the queſtion put to every intelligent man. Which will be the caſe we do not pretend poſitively to aſſert; but one thing we can aſſure the public, from good authority, that the cabinet of England are unanimous, and every neceſſary ſtep is taking, and that 25 ſhips are ready to put to ſea at 24 hours notice, ſhould the dignity and honour of Great-Britain require it.

Diſpatches have been received from our Charges des Affairs at Madrid, ſtating, that ſhould this country directly or indirectly intertere in the preſent diſputes in Holland, ſhe will immediately arm, in order to give every aſſiſtance to France, the only power who has any right, in her opinion, to medale in the differences at preſent ſubſiſting in Holland.

As our miniſtry ſome time ago, ſent a courier to notify to the court of Madrid, our determination to ſupport the ſtadtholder; thoſe who beſt know the firmneſs of the preſent cabinet, and the ſituation of this country, will not imagine that the reſolution of the court of Spain will alter our determination.

In addition to the above, it is ſaid that the emperor has joined the politics of France; and that in caſe of hoſtilities commencing, the preſent plan of operation is, that France ſhall cover the Auſtrian Netherlands, while the king of Pruſſia is attacked in Siletia.

Such is the preſent ſituation of affairs—which may be looked upon as a calm preceding a ſtorm, that muſt in all probability, ſoon break out.

Sept. 3. A report prevails at the weſt end of the town, that 12 ſail of the line ſailed from Spithead on Thurſday evening.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Auguſt 25.

"The ſtates general continue to hold their aſſemblies in this city: there was, however, an aſſembly held the 15th of this month at Nimeguen, but from the paucity of the members, the ſtadtholderians themſelves are aſhamed to mention it; a few nobles of Gueldres, Frieſland, and Amerſort, compoſed that pretended aſſembly; which, according to appearances, will not ſit again. But in return, the uſual deputies at the Hague redouble their violence and obſtinacy in the meaſures they take againſt the patriotic provinces. They have carried their animoſity ſo far, as to forbid the entrance and paſſage through the town of the generality, of any French ſoldiers; and have reſolved, that a ſerious conference ſhall be held with the French ambaſſador, reſpecting the introduction of ſome artilleriſts arrived from France under the name of deſerters; it is certain, if this be true, that the French miniſtry know nothing of it, and that theſe men are, in fact, deſerters.

"Diſcord at length prevails in the moſt open manner between the prince and the ſtates of Amerſfort. According to our private advices, it was occaſioned by his highneſs having finally inſiſted that the city of Utrecht ſhould be attacked, and the ſtates of Amerſfort, the greateſt part of whoſe members have poſſeſſions in the ſaid city, having formally oppoſed it. The prince, greatly diſſatisfied, ended the diſpute by quitting Amerſfort, and is returned to Nimeguen with his whole retinue; which ſeems to announce, that he does not intend to come back there, at leaſt for ſome time. Nevertheleſs, as all this may perhaps be only a feint, the garriſon of Utrecht are more on their guard than ever.

"Diviſion alſo reigns in the ſtates of Holland; the equeſtrian corps proteſt in the ſtrongeſt manner againſt every thing deliberated, and reſolved by the cities; the majority of theſe latter have lately loſt two votes, which makes an eſſential difference in the courſe of affairs. But as the wealthieſt and moſt preponderant are agreed, and entirely determined to purſue their ſyſtem, there cannot be a doubt formed reſpecting their political operations, however ſlow they may be, through the oppoſition of the members attached to the ſtadtholderian principles.

"Within theſe few days the garriſon of Utrecht has been augmented by about 2000 men, 300 artilleriſts; and advanced works have been raiſed, which render the city impregnable by an army ſo ſmall as that which threatens it. The engineers, who are conſtantly at work, aſſure, that the city might now hold out againſt 20,000 men.

"The news is certain, that two Pruſſian regiments are arrived at Cleves: ſeveral others are expected there, but they are to be cantoned in the environs without going farther. The project of the king of Pruſſia is to form a camp of about 10,000 men in the quarter of Gueldres that belongs to him, in order to give weight to the mediation that his majeſty deſires to effectuate in favour of the houſe of Orange.

"A great fermentation reigns at the Hague, where, in fact, there is leſs ſafety than any where elſe, for which reaſon the burgher camp of Woerden has drawn nearer to us to come to the aſſiſtance of this place on the firſt ſignal of an alarm.

"It appears that Holland will abſolutely acknowledge no other mediator than the king of France. They are preparing, for next week, an anſwer to the memorial of the king of Pruſſia.

"The ſtates general have forbidden to recruit for the province of Holland, in the countries of the generality; and they have given orders to ſtop the French engineers that may even be furniſhed with paſſports for Holland."

The mails which arrived yeſterday bring nothing new reſpecting the affairs of Holland. The letters and reports are not quite ſo favourable on the ſide of peace as the former ones. The patriots however, have dropped much of their language; and diffident of their own power, they rather ſeem to depend on the aſſiſtance of the French king, truſting that the king of Pruſſia will not take an active part in favour of the ſtadtholder, while the king of France remains in the mind to reſtiate.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Auguſt 28.

Extract of the addreſs of the equeſtrian order, and the nobility of Holland, to the aſſembly of their noble and grand powers, upon the laſt memorial of Monſieur de Thulemeyer, envoy extraordinary from his Pruſſian majeſty.

"The lords of the equeſtrian order having already declared their ſentiments in their addreſs of the 7th and 10th of July, would be content to repeat their proteſtations of innocence reſpecting the diſaſters of their unfortunate country, which, abuſed by deceitful alluſions, is verging to ruin; but they find themſelves compelled to repreſent again to your noble and grand powers, the true picture of this province, once ſo flouriſhing and happy, and the object of the envy and admiration of all nations.

"The equeſtrian body having propoſed their advice to this illuſtrious aſſembly on the 7th, flatter themſelves that the objects which they then glanced at, would have been ſeen and conſidered in all the extent of which they were capable.

"Upon the 10th, when you deliberated on the memorial of M. de Thulemeyer, the equeſtrian order repeated their inſtances and advice of the 7th, touching the abſolute neceſſity of concerting conciliatory meaſures for the prevention of the conſequences which then threatened.

"The equeſtrian body has not had the ſatisfaction to ſee their advice followed by any ſalutary effect, but by an anſwer to the memorial, from which no good could be expected. This was ſuch, as experience has demonſtrated, that the danger of the republic is now arrived at the greateſt height, and its ſituation almoſt without reſource.

"We ſay, *without reſource*, thinking that term is not too expreſſive, but founded on truths which are unanſwerable.

"But the equeſtrian body will not conſent to render the inhabitants of Holland, the victims of actions which violate the rights of nature and nations, which deſtroy liberty, and provoke the vengeance of thoſe who will execute it by means of arms. And what defence can we inſtitute?——Shall we find it in concord? That has fled, and cannot be re-eſtabliſhed, without the aſſiſtance of the Almighty.

"Shall we find the means in the power of the finances in Holland? Who among the members of your noble and grand powers is ignorant of their deplorable ſtate? The laſt negotiation for five millions made by Holland, is a proof of it moſt convincing.

"You have only to conſider the enormous loſs of 22 per cent. and that negotiation coſt ſixteen hundred thouſand florins to the country; the actual price alſo of oligations, the diminution of the value of effects, the enormous expences which take place in an arbitrary manner in this country, by a commiſſion which has a power dictatorial, free, and unreſponſible, and without bounds, upon the treaſury of the country.

"Finally, ſhall we find in it commerce? This ſource is entirely exhauſted; and words are wanting to expreſs its deplorable ſtate.

"Is it to be found in the aſſiſtance of our confederates, or in that of foreign powers? The anſwer to this point is ſo delicate and embarraſſing, that the equeſtrian body are afraid to commit themſelves.

"They repeat their advice of the 10th of July for conciliatory meaſures, &c."

NASSAU, *September* 22.

In our paper of the 8th inſtant, mention was made of the ſchooner Sarah, Brown, late maſter, having been ſeen bottom upwards a day or two after the gale. A negro ſailor, named Dick Williams, who was on board her at the time ſhe overſet, gave us the following information.——On Sunday evening, the 26th of laſt month, captain Brown came to an anchor within a reef, our informant thinks, near Guana-Key.—Monday morning it blew freſh; the gale increaſed as the day advanced; at 8 A. M. drove from the anchor out to ſea; about 9 overſet. Captain Brown and the crew, being in all four perſons, got upon the bottom of the veſſel. In leſs than two hours all but our informant loſt their hold, and were drowned in his ſight: he took hold of the boom, on which he floated about at the mercy of the winds and waves till Wedneſday evening, when he was driven on ſhore among ſharp-pointed rocks on Guana Key. Being nearly exhauſted by hunger and fatigue, and much wounded by the rocks, he with much difficulty extricated himſelf from the ſurf. Next morning he made ſhift to crawl about to ſome prickly pear buſhes, on the fruit of which and brackiſh water, he ſubſiſted till Monday morning the 3d inſtant, when diſcrying a veſſel beating up, he laſhed together two cedar logs he found on the beach with pelmetto leaves; on this raft he put out to ſea, with a piece of board for a paddle. The people on board the veſſel obſerved the raft, ſteered towards it, and took up the poor fellow.—The veſſel that took him was the brig Friendſhip, Kidd, from this port for Exuma, from which iſland our informant arrived here on Friday laſt week.

LEXINGTON, *(Kentucky) Sept.* 5.

On Monday night laſt a Mr Schooler, at Harriſon Station, on Licking creek, hearing ſomething in his garden which he ſuppoſed to be horſes, he went out to ſee, and an Indian fired at him and miſſed him, he immediately flew in with the Indian and laid hold of his gun, which the Indian let go and made his eſcape, leaving the gun with Schooler.

Sept. 7. On Wedneſday laſt George Maſon, with ——— Glaſcock, came over Licking from the Saltworks in order to cut and draw wood, when two Indians crawled within ten ſteps and fired on Maſon; both the ſhot wounded him, of which he died that night. They got ſome horſes in the neighbourhood and went off.

ALBANY, *October* 25.

Extract of a letter from a member of the Legiſlature of the ſtate of Connecticut, to his friend in New-York, dated New-Haven, October, 1787.

"I have the pleaſure to inform you, that on Tueſday laſt the doings and recommendations of the convention of the United States was laid before the houſe of aſſembly of this ſtate; after being read, a bill was prepared, taken into conſideration, and paſſed by a full vote, appointing the ſecond Tueſday in November next to be the day for the ſeveral towns

in this ſtate to chooſe their delegates to the ſtate convention, which is to meet at Hartford on the firſt Thurſday in January next, to take up, adviſe and determine, whether this ſtate approve and accept the new ſyſtem of federal government. Thus far the new government has met with general approbation in Connecticut, and from the preſent diſpoſition of the people to ſupport order and good government, there is no doubt but it will be adopted by this ſtate."

NEW-YORK, *November* 2.

A London news-paper of the 18th of Auguſt, contains an extract of a letter from Londonderry, of the 7th of the ſame month, which adviſes, that the ſub-commiſſioners had condemned an American veſſel called the Diſpatch, taken off Inniſhown-Head, which it appeared was endeavouring to run her cargo—and that an appeal for both veſſel and cargo was intended.

A letter from Cape François, dated September 27, ſays, that about the firſt of that month, a very ſevere hurricane was felt at Porto Rico, where three ſhips had arrived diſmaſted, a brig was caſt away, and all the crew periſhed except a boy, and other damage ſuſtained by the ſhipping and craft, and alſo on the land.

Extract of a letter from Charleſton, September 25.

"A few days ago a countryman inquiring in King-ſtreet for the beſt bar-iron warehouſe, a waggiſh young gentleman undertook to conduct him to the cheapeſt in town, and carried him to the new priſon, at which place he was ſhewn ſome of the iron barred rooms, with an intimation that thoſe ſort of warehouſes had all the run of buſineſs at preſent; at the ſame time ſeveral of the priſoners inſiſted on receiving a ſmall ſum of money for garniſh—The countryman complied with all that was aſked of him, but being one of thoſe ſour, irraſcible mortals whom it is much eaſier to laugh with, than at, went back immediately to the ſtore where his kind conductor reſided, and imprinted on his rueful viſage ſome marks of gratitude that will not eaſily be eraſed, and will no doubt teach him the propriety of an adage—*all is well that ends well.*"

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 5.

Extract of a letter from Scilly, Auguſt 9.

"Came in here the Swallow, captain Croſby from Maryland, for a market, under jury-maſts, and the loſs of her rudder, in a gale of wind the 4th inſtant, and had four men ſtruck dead on the deck by lightning, which laſted for ſix hours. She likewiſe had her ſhrouds ſcorched, in ſuch a manner, that they were obliged to lie to until they could have them repaired, and ſpringing aleak at the ſame time, were obliged to throw 20 hogſheads of tobacco overboard."

Extract of a letter from London, Auguſt 17.

"The laſt letters from Madeira, which were brought over in the Friendſhip, captain Dickens, arrived in the river, mention, that two French frigates, outward bound, for Guadaloupe, put in there in diſtreſs, having loſt all their maſts in a gale of wind, attended with thunder and lightning, the 9th of July; and that a large Dutch ſhip, deeply laden, put into Fayal the 16th of June, under jury-maſts, and in great diſtreſs."

Nov. 6. The following curious article is copied from the Briſtol Gazette of Auguſt 23d:——'A ſubject which lately employed the attention of the Leyden univerſity, was the ſecond edition of profeſſor Boehmer's *De Polyphago et Allatriophago*, concerning the great eater of Wittemberg. It is an account of one of the moſt prodigious eaters ever heard of. This man at pleaſure, (for he did it only to get money) would eat up a whole ſheep or pig, and ſometimes a buſhel or two of cherries, ſtones and all; and even things of a deſtructive quality, and which other men would on no conſideration attempt, did not affright him, breaking with his teeth, maſticating, and ſwallowing earthen and glaſs veſſels, and flints. He has been ſeen to ingurgitate a bag pipe with all its appurtenances, living creatures, birds, mice, and caterpillars by handfulls; and what ſeems beyond all belief, a tin ſtand-diſh being offered him by way of defiance, he made no bones of it, but devoured it, together with the pens, penknife, ink and ſand. He once tore in pieces with his teeth, maſticated and ſwallowed a copper coffee-pot. Theſe laſt facts, indeed, are ſo ſtrange, that though it paſſes at Wittemberg for certain, though Boehmer, the celebrated author of this diſſertion, makes no queſtion of it, and ſeven credible witneſſes made oath of it before the worſhipful ſenate; it is apprehended many will reject it as an impoſture. This enormous eater, however, was uncommonly ſtrong and robuſt, and continued his atchievements, which turned to good amount, to the age of ſixty years, when betaking himſelf to a regular life, he reached his ſeventy-ninth year."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Waſhington-town, (Pennſylvania) to his friend now in this city, dated October 25, 1787.

"There have been two families (except one of each) killed a few days ago in this county. They live on the head waters of Wheeling, about 15 or 18 miles from this place. Unleſs ſome ſteps are taken to put us in a ſtate of defence, we ſhall probably be ſoon a frontier.

"One of the unhappy families was of the name of M'Intoſh, the other that of Davis. Your friend Ryerſon ſlept in the houſe of one of the deceaſed the very night before the murder happened."

Extract of a letter from Auguſta, in Georgia.

"It is now two weeks this day ſince my arrival here, at which time only 30 members of the aſſembly attended. There being a great neceſſity for forming a houſe, ten days further were allowed for collecting, and thoſe who had been here ſome time were permitted to return home during that period. This is the day on which they were to return; but as they come in very ſlow, we begin to fear we ſhall not be able to form a houſe—if we do not by the 18th, we ſhall give up all hope and return to Savannah. Our lower county members are tardy, and our upper ones are generally engaged in defending their families and property on the frontiers. Should we fail in making a houſe, I know not what will be the conſequence. It now appears abſolutely neceſſary that an army of at leaſt 2000 men be raiſed againſt the ſavages, who are numerous on our frontier counties, and in force round and near the forts and ſtations in which the inhabitants have taken ſhelter; they have killed in all 51 white and black. The ground on which general Clark fought firſt, has been ſince examined and 28 dead Indians found; his loſs was 6 killed and 12 wounded. We have now on our frontiers a ſufficient force to act on the defenſive and cover the ſettlements from the depredations of the ſavages. In caſe the legiſlature does not meet the executive will declare the ſtate in an alarm, when martial law will in ſome meaſure take place. Much confuſion and deſtruction of property may be then expected."

Extract of a letter from a member of Congreſs, to his friend in Virginia, dated October 18.

"We have a good proſpect of ſelling 8 or 9 millions of federal lands, for ſinking the domeſtic debt, and now it ſeems quite probable that the ceſſion of Virginia alone will extinguiſh the whole of that debt great as it is—being thirty millions of dollars.

We hear from Clinch, in Virginia, that a number of ſettlers belonging to that place, who were out gathering ginſang, diſcovered a body of 800 or more Indians, marching towards French Broad, on their way to the frontiers of that ſettlement—That the inhabitants were in continual alarm—That orders in conſequence, had been iſſued for the militia to hold themſelves in readineſs to turn out on the ſhorteſt notice—That there was no account of any miſchief being done by them when the account came away—and that the report, ſome time paſt, of 40 families being cut off in the lower ſettlements, was without foundation, four men only were killed and a few wounded.

WINCHESTER, *November* 9.

By a correſpondent juſt arrived from Fort Pitt, we have received intelligence, that the Indians are daily committing depredations on the white ſettlers, in the vicinity of that place; that they have lately murdered a family, conſiſting of a man, his wife and three children, at Whelan; and that a few miles below that place, on the other ſide of the river, they have murdered four perſons and wounded one. Our correſpondent further adds, that they ſtill continue their diabolical practices in ſtealing horſes.

FREDERICKSBURG, *November* 8.

Extract of a letter from Auguſta, (Georgia) October 7.

"I once thought I would never engage in a military life, but the alarming ſituation of this country with reſpect to the Creek Indians, I fear, will require the utmoſt exertions of its citizens. Our frontiers are infeſted with thoſe ſavages; repeated ſkirmiſhes have enſued, with various determinations, though upon the whole our ſucceſs has been equal to our expectations. On the 21ſt September, general Clarke, with 150 volunteers, engaged an equal number of Indians; the action was obſtinately maintained for four hours and an half, when victory declared in favour of the general. The Indians had 25 killed, and between 40 and 50 wounded, together with their packs, kettles, &c. taken. Our loſs was 6 killed and 11 wounded; ſince which we have been very quiet. Our aſſembly meets the 15th inſtant, meaſures will then be adopted for carrying the war into their country."

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 22.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the houſe of delegates, viz.

For Cecil county, Benjamin Bravard, Richard Bond, William Matthews, and Samuel Miller, Eſquires.

For Somerſet county, John Gale, John Stewart, Gillis Polk, and William Adams, Eſquires.

For Worceſter county, John Selby Purnell, John Pope Mitchell, William Purnell, and Francis Jenkins Henry, Eſquires.

STATE of NEW-JERSEY.

HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, October 26, 1787.

WHEREAS the commiſſioners from this ſtate have reported a conſtitution for the future government of the United States, agreed upon by the general convention lately held for that purpoſe, in the city of Philadelphia, accompanied by a reſolution, that it be ſubmitted to a convention of delegates choſen in each ſtate by the people thereof, under the recommendation of its legiſlature, for their aſſent and ratification: And whereas congreſs have unanimouſly reſolved, that the ſaid conſtitution be tranſmitted to the legiſlatures of the ſeveral ſtates to the intent aforeſaid; and it appearing to be the earneſt wiſh of the good people of this ſtate, that early and immediate meaſures be taken to aſſemble a convention within the ſame, for the purpoſe of deliberating and determining on the ſaid conſtitution;

Reſolved unanimouſly, That it be recommended to ſuch of the inhabitants of this ſtate as are entitled to vote for repreſentatives in general aſſembly, to meet in their reſpective counties on the fourth Tueſday in November next, at the ſeveral places fixed by law for holding the annual elections, to chooſe three ſuitable perſons to ſerve as delegates from each county in a ſtate convention, for the purpoſes herein before-mentioned, and that the ſame be conducted agreeably to the mode, and conformably with the rules and regulations preſcribed for conducting ſuch elections.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That the perſons to elected to ſerve in ſtate convention, do aſſemble and conſult together on the ſecond Tueſday in December next, at Trenton, in the county of Hunterdon, then and there to take into conſideration the aforeſaid conſtitution; and if approved of by them, finally to ratify the ſame in behalf and on the part of this ſtate; and make report thereof to the United States in congreſs aſſembled, in conformity with the reſolution herein annexed.

Reſolved, That the ſheriffs in the reſpective counties of this ſtate ſhall be, and they are hereby required to give as timely notice as may be, by advertiſements to the people of their counties of the time, place and purpoſe of holding elections as aforeſaid.

Extract from the minutes,

MASKEL EWING, clerk.

COUNCIL-CHAMBER, October 29, 1787.

Unanimouſly concurred in by council this day.

BOWES REED, clerk.

TO BE SOLD, on Saturday the 15th of December, at PUBLIC SALE, at 3 o'clock, P. M. on the premiſes,

A LOT of ground in the city of Annapolis, diſtinguiſhed on the plot of ſaid city by the letter Q with the improvements thereon, likewiſe ſeveral articles of houſehold furniture; the whole to be ſold for the benefit of the creditors of Richard Thomas, an inſolvent debtor.

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, truſtee appointed by the chancellor.

All perſons that are indebted to the ſaid Thomas, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have claims againſt him are requeſted to make them known to W. G.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the tenth of December next, at the ſubſcriber's plantation, on the north ſide of Severn river,

FOUR negroes and two horſes. The ſale to begin at twelve o'clock.

10 3 7/6 DANIEL BRIGDELL.

Juſt IMPORTED from IRELAND, via Baltimore, and to be ſold by JOHN FRIN, at the ſtore lately occupied by Meſſieurs Charles and William Stuart, next door to the Printing-Office,

A LARGE and general aſſortment of chintz, calicoes, printed linens and cottons, ſtriped, plain and flowered lawns and muſlins, needle work aprons and handkerchiefs of the firſt quality, Barcelona handkerchiefs, Marſeilles quilting, camblets, tammies, durants, moreens, corduroys, Iriſh linens, ſtriped holands, checks, mens, womens and childrens worſted and cotton hoſe, ladies ſtuff ſhoes, green and white ivory handle knives and forks, ſhoe buckles of the neweſt faſhion, ſhawls, hard ware, and many other articles too tedious to mention, all of which will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh, old gold, ſilver, copper, braſs or pewter. 1

November 22, 1787.

Valuable Lots of Ground, to be let on reaſonable terms.

THE ſubſcriber has to let on ground-rent, a parcel of valuable lots of ground, lying on Green-ſtreet.—Alſo ſeveral lots on Glouceſter-ſtreet; the ſituation is very agreeable, as it will ſuit well for tradeſmen of any denomination, being near the market.—The terms may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber, in Annapolis.

10 3 7/6 JACOB HUST.

Annapolis, November 22, 1787.

HAVING frequently, without effect, requeſted that no goods, or proviſions ſhould be delivered on my account, to any ſervant or ſuppoſed meſſage coming from me, without a written order; I now give this public notice that I ſhall not hold myſelf bound, on any pretence, to pay for any goods or proviſions, which ſhall, hereafter, be delivered to any perſon, except me, or my wife; unleſs ſuch perſon ſhall produce a written order from me, or my wife.

1 A. C. HANSON.

Calvert county, November 20, 1787.

THE ſubſcriber having ſuffered conſiderable injury by people, who, under a preſtence of hunting, have deſtroyed his timber, and ſet fire to his woods and fences, hereby forewarns all perſons from hunting within his incloſures with dog or gun, without permiſſion.

10 3 7/6 BENJAMIN MACKALL, 4th.

Talbot-town, September 28, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preſented to the general aſſembly of this ſtate, at the next ſeſſion, for the opening and laying out a road from Talbot-town, to a place called Cowell landing, in Talbot county. 7

November 20, 1787.

ON the petition of William Logan, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act relecting insolvent debtors; NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the ninth day of January next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery-office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be personally served on the attorney general and treasurer of the western shore, and published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 14, 1787.

ON the petition of Stephen Gartrell, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day of January next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis; and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 16, 1787.

ON the petition of Thomas Bird, of Queen-Anne's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day of January next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered, that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 19, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Talbot county court, at their next March term, to liberate him agreeably to the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors.

THOMAS PRICE, jun.

November 19, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Talbot county court, at their next March term, to liberate him agreeably to the act of assembly entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors.

JOHN VANDYKE.

MUNROE and HYDE,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public, that they have just imported, in the ship Nantes, from London, a quantity of the best boot-legs, bendies and calf-skins, and every other necessary article for carrying on the boot and shoemaking business, in the house lately occupied by Mr. William Goldsmith, in Cornhill-street, Annapolis.

They gratefully acknowledge the past and partial favours with which they have been honoured by their former customers, and assure those ladies and gentlemen who may continue them, that it shall ever be their study to merit their approbation and patronage.

November 13, 1787. 2

November 5, 1787.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* to me directed, will be sold, on Thursday the 29th instant, at three o'clock P. M. on the premises,

PART of a lot of ground in the city of Annapolis, with the improvements thereon, lying in Prince-George's-street, adjoining Doctor James Murray's, taken in execution as the property of Thomas Rutland, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due to James Little.

DAVID STEUART, sheriff.

October 22, 1787.

TO BE SOLD at the late dwelling house of Doctor John Sprigg, deceased, on Monday the 26th day of November next, for ready cash,

A VARIETY of household furniture, horses, three pair of broke mules, cattle, sheep and hogs.

Also, to be sold, for cash, tobacco, credit, or any kind of public securities at their passing value, a number of full blooded horses, mares, colts and fillies. 5w

RICHARD SPRIGG.

November 6, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Anne-Arundel county court, to liberate him agreeably to the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors.

JOSEPH WILKINSON.

September 26, 1787.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, for an act to pass, empowering the justices of Charles county, to levy on the inhabitants of said county, a quantity of tobacco, or the value thereof in money, sufficient to replace all the tobacco paid out of Nanjemoy warehouse, during the time her late husband was inspector at said warehouse, and that can be made appear was not lost by her said husband's neglect, or carelessness.

HENRIETTA ADAMS.

October 15, 1787.

ON the petition of James Vinson, of Dorchester county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the thirtieth day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

October 12, 1787.

ON the petition of Richard Harwood, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twenty-seventh day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

October 13, 1787.

ON the petition of Ezekiel Jacob, of Prince-George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 30th day of November next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

October 15, 1787.

ON the petition of William Begole, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the first day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette, and the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Annapolis, October 17, 1787.

JUST IMPORTED, in the ship WILLING TOM, captain JEFFERY, from London, and to be sold wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produce, by

JOHN PETTY and CO.

At their stores in Annapolis, Port-Tobacco, Queen-Anne on Patuxent,

A LARGE and general assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the present season; also a quantity of porter, old port, sherry and carcavelle wine in bottles.

N. B. A general assortment of British cordage and sail duck.

Port-Tobacco, November 2, 1787.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away a few weeks ago, a negro man named BOB, abouth six feet high, a dark mulatto, by trade a blacksmith, and is also a rough carpenter; his cloaths are unknown, as he took with him a variety; when he speaks it is in a loud voice and very earnest; he has a scar in the palm of his right hand. He had in his possession a written permission, signed by Walter Pye, his former master, to hire himself wherever he chose, and with this and a forged pass it is likely he will endeavour to make his escape; he was seen at Annapolis during the last races, and went towards Baltimore. Whoever will secure the said negro Bob, so that we get him again, shall receive the above reward, on application to major John Swan of Baltimore, Robert Cauden, Esq; of Annapolis, or the subscribers.

J. H. STONE, and CO.

N. B. All masters of vessels are warned not to take him on board their vessels. 2

November 2, 1787.

On Monday the 22d of October last, was committed to my custody as a runaway,

NEGRO GEORGE, who says he is the property of Mr. Thomas Snowden of Prince-George's county, he is about five feet eight or nine inches high, of a yellow complexion, appears to be about twenty-four or twenty five years of age; his master is desired to take him away and pay charges.

JOHN CARTWRIGHT, sheriff of St. Mary's county.

November 5, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Talbot county court, for the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors, passed last session of assembly.

RICHARD EATON.

Dorchester county, October 4, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made to the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act to vest in the trustees of the poor of Dorchester county, the free-school lands and funds in the said county.

November 6, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the subscribers creditors, that being unable to discharge his debts, he means to apply to the justices of Charles county court, at their next April term, to liberate him agreeable to the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors.

LEONARD WHEELER.

September 10, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, being unable to pay his debts, intends to apply to the justices of Charles county court, at their next sitting, in order to take the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors.

NICHOLAS CRAYCROFT.

September 2, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the subscriber at the next November court in Montgomery county, for a commission under the act, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, to prove and mark the bounds and lines of a tract of land called Joseph's Park in the said county.

DANIEL CARROLL.

October 23, 1787.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, being unable to discharge his debts, intends to apply to the justices of Prince-George's county court, at their next term, for the benefit of the act respecting insolvent debtors.

SAMUEL CHENEY.

Annapolis, November 15, 1787.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from hunting within his inclosures at his plantation on the north side of Severn river, with either dog or gun, unless leave be given by Mr. Ray, who lives on the plantation; those who neglect to take notice of this warning, may expect to be dealt with as the act of assembly has directed.

THOMAS HYDE.

Anne-Arundel county, November 5, 1787.

The subscriber will offer for sale, on Monday the 3d day of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

THE plantation whereon he now lives, containing 325 acres, lying within three miles of Herring-bay, and five from Lower-Marlborough, well improved, with good meadows, &c. Two years credit will be given, on paying one fifth of the purchase money on the day of sale. Bond with two approved securities will be required. On the same day will be sold between twenty and thirty very valuable negroes, consisting of men, women, boys, girls, and children, for cash or tobacco, or nine months credit, on paying one third of the money on the first day of January eighty-eight. Tobacco of any quality and from any warehouse in the state will be received in part pay, and the selling price at such warehouses will be allowed, by

GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Anne-Arundel county court in November, to liberate him agreeable to the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed last session of assembly.

WILLIAM BURGESS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, of Anne Arundel county, being unable to discharge his debts, means to apply to the justices of Anne-Arundel county court, in November next, to liberate him agreeable to the act for the relief of insolvent debtors, passed last session of assembly.

JOHN CLARK.

November 7, 1787.

THE subscriber having removed to the house wherein Mr. Nathan Hammond lately dwelt, near the dock, has laid in a stock of malt-beer of excellent quality, and will be constantly supplied with oysters, for the accommodation of his customers. — He returns his sincere thanks to his friends in particular, and the public in general, for the kind encouragement he has met with heretofore, and by a particularity in the choice of his liquors, and close attention to his business, he hopes to merit a continuance of their favours.

JOHN HUMPHRYS.

October 28, 1787.

THE subscriber takes this method of forewarning all persons from hunting with either dog or gun in his enclosures in future.—From the damages he has long sustained from such idlers, he shall spare no pains to detect them, and prosecute the law against them made and provided for such offence.

STEPHEN STEWARD.

JOSEPH COURT,

HAS just imported, in the Ceres, captain Travers, a large assortment of superfine broad clothes, and buttons of the newest fashion second clothes milled, drabs, broad clothes, as low as 3/9 coft, coatings, flannels, 9/4, 8/4, and duffil blankets, linsey woolseys, figured lammies, and stuffs of all kinds, fearnoughts of different colours, some best double milled do. white, blue, and green Welch cottons and plains, Kendall do. Irish linens of all sorts, Irish, Russia, and Lancashire sheetings, a large quantity of German osnabrigs, Irish and Scotch do. corduroys and thicksets, a good assortment of saddlery and ironmongery, mens and womens shoes of all sorts, boots and boot legs, bend leather, wax and grain skins, shamey skins, all sorts of gun-powder and shot, nutmegs, cloves and mace, osnabrig and shoe thread, coloured threads, and white threads of all sorts, silk and twist, mens and womens worsted and cotton stockings, loaf sugar, womens fashionable stays, &c. &c. &c. which he will sell very low for cash or tobacco, at his store at West-river.

N. B. Well assorted low-priced woollens to be sold by the bale.

November 22, 1787.

ON the petition of William Alexander, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 31st day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 22, 1787.

ON the petition of Richard Weaver Barnes, of Montgomery county, to the Chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 31st day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 14, 1787.

ON the petition of James Ayris, of Montgomery county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day of January next, is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 2, 1787.

ON the petition of Richard Scott, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the twenty-second day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 13, 1787.

ON the petition of Henry Hall Dorsey, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day of January next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 13, 1787.

ON the petition of Belt Norwood, of Anne-Arundel county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the eighth day of January next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery-office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Journal and Baltimore Advertiser, and Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

November 6, 1787.

ON the petition of Samuel Auld, of Talbot county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 31st day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act, and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

August 7, 1787.

BROKE gaol on the 2d of this month, a mulatto man, committed as a runaway, named David Anderson, about five feet eight or nine inches high, who says he belongs to Mrs. Hipkins, of Westmoreland county, Virginia; had on an olive-ry short coat, and buckskin breeches; he may probably change his cloaths as he had others with him. Whoever takes up the said man, and delivers him to the subscriber, shall have three pounds reward.

DAVID STEUART, sheriff
of Anne-Arundel county.

14

November 6, 1787.

ON the petition of William Sprigg Bowie, of Prince-George's county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the 3d day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors at the chancery office, in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Prince George's county, November 5, 1787.

By virtue of a deed of trust to me, from William Sprigg Bowie, will be sold at PUBLIC VENDUE, at Upper-Marlborough, on the 12th of December next,

SEVERAL valuable negro fellows, and a negro woman, all of whom have been accustomed to making and curing fine tobacco. And on the same day will be sold, a quantity of Indian corn; and on the 25th of January next, will be offered at public sale, at the town of Upper Marlborough, a tract of land, adjoining said town, called and known by the name of BELL'S PASTURE, and the HORSE RACE, containing about three hundred and eighty acres, on which are two tobacco houses, corn house, negro quarters, and a very good apple orchard; the plantation is in good order, and under a good fence; the land is nearly equal to any in the county for wheat, corn and fine tobacco.—The terms of purchase will be made known on the days of sale. The title papers may be seen at any time before the sale, on application to

RINALDO JOHNSON.

3

PROPOSALS

FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

THE

CONTRAST;

A

COMEDY.

WRITTEN BY MAJOR TYLER.

MR. WIGNELL, who has been favoured by Major TYLER, with this opportunity of presenting to the public the first dramatic production of a citizen of the United States, in which the characters and scenes are entirely American, respectfully solicits the patronage and assistance that are necessary to enable him to print and embellish this work, in a form suitable to its intrinsic merit. A performance so interesting to the national feelings, and so honourable to American genius and literature, will naturally recommend itself to general attention, and commend in the closet, a confirmation of that applause which it has already received from the stage: The editor, therefore, can only, upon this occasion, evince his respect for the author by the manner of introducing it to the public; and, to render that as perfect as possible, he proposes the following

CONDITIONS.

First, That the Comedy shall be printed in large octavo, with an elegant type, upon superfine paper.

Secondly, That the most interesting scene in the Comedy shall be prefixed in an engraving, executed by an American artist.

Thirdly, That each subscriber, on the delivery of the Comedy, shall pay half a dollar, unless he resides at a distance from any town where subscriptions are received, when the money shall be paid at the time of subscribing.

Subscriptions for the above comedy are taken in at Mr. George Mann's, and at the Printing Office.

2

October 27, 1787.

ON the petition of Joseph Hall, of Montgomery county, to the chancellor, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that the tenth day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the chancery office in the city of Annapolis, and that a trustee or trustees, will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the directions of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

4

Dorchester county, to wit: October term, 1787.

ON the petition of William Thomas of Dorchester county, praying the benefit of the act of assembly, entitled, An act respecting insolvent debtors, notice is hereby given to the creditors of the said petitioner, that Thursday the sixth day of December next is appointed for a meeting of the said creditors, at the court-house of said county, in Cambridge, and that a trustee or trustees will be appointed on that day, on their behalf, according to the direction of the said act; and it is ordered that this notice be published six weeks in the Maryland Gazette, and Baltimore Journal, and in the public paper printed at Chester-town.

Test. N. HAMMOND, clk.

5

NOTICE is hereby given, that Elizabeth Dulany, wife of Walter Dulany, Esq; proposes to petition the honourable general assembly at their next session, for restitution of certain confiscated property of her former husband, Lloyd Dulany, remaining unsold, and for compensation for other of his property confiscated and sold.

4

August 22, 17[illegible]

LANDS for SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale, all that Tract of [illegible] called *Brail's Plantation*, and *Bateman's Field*, (being part of *Snowden's Reputation Supported*) containing from a late survey 676¼ acres, situated on the head of South river in Anne-Arundel county, about 3 miles from navigable water, 12 from the city of Annapolis, 28 from Baltimore-town, 24 from George-town, and about 7 from the inspection houses of Indian Landing and Queen-Anne, is well adapted for corn, wheat, and particularly tobacco.

This plantation has not been tenanted for 3 years, is a most pleasing and desirable [illegible] capable of great improvement at a very small [illegible] there are 259 acres of timber land, a greater part of the timber is very valuable.—The subscriber would prefer disposing of the whole in one lot, but has no objection to making several of it, the timber land is conveniently situated for making such divisions in equal proportions, and there are many pleasant situations for erecting dwelling buildings; it is also well watered—a very good mill stream runs through it, and there is some meadow ground, and much more may be very readily made. The improvements upon it are, a good dwelling house with three rooms on each floor, kitchen, quarter, [illegible] house, stables, tobacco-house, and two very fine apple orchards, one of which contains [illegible] trees, [illegible] with a number of other valuable [illegible]

A plan of this estate may be seen at [illegible] Stevens, surveyor, Annapolis, who will shew the premises; also at Messrs. William Paterson, and Beale, Baltimore, and further information had, [illegible] terms, &c. apply to

JOHN WADDINGTON,
in Philadelphia.

9

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's county, September 12, 1786.

RAN away from the subscriber on the 4th of June, a negro man named CHARLES, twenty-five years of age, a short thick fellow, about five feet six inches high, has a short flat nose, a very bushy head of hair, thick lips, with a scar on the upper one, he is a handy fellow, and works well at the whip-saw, had on when he went away the common working dress; I have reasons to believe he has other cloaths with him, but cannot particularly describe them, therefore he probably may change his apparel. As I purchased him of Nicholas Snowden, Esq. on Patowmack, I apprehend he is lurking about the neighbourhood. Whoever takes up and secures the said fellow, so that his master may get him again, shall receive if above ten miles from home thirty shillings, if out of the county forty shillings, and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by

WILLIAM BOWIE, jr.

36

Strawberry-hill, near Annapolis, June 20, 1787.

LOST, about the 25th day of last May, [illegible] the Bodkin and the mouth of Magothy river, a small almost new BOAT, about ten or twelve feet keel, rows with four oars, and has the subscriber's name cut on her stern. Whoever will deliver her to, or give such information that she be recovered, shall be well paid for their trouble, by

RICHARD SPRIGG.

17

April 16, 178[illegible]

RAN away last night, from the subscriber, living in Charles county, a negro man named WALLEY, a tall slender made fellow, about six feet and an inch high, and about 35 years, he is not country born, speaks bad English so that it can scarcely be understood; had on when he went away a mixt fearnought jacket, a pair of white nap bottom breeches, and a nabrig shirt, and has taken with him many other cloaths, which I cannot describe, as he is remarkably fond of dress. Also went away at the same time, a negro woman named NELL, aged about fifty years, she is a low squat wench. Also took with him two horses, one a light sorrel, about fourteen hands and an inch high, branded on the near [illegible] the other a dark bay, about fourteen hands high, and a small crop on the end of one of his ears. Whoever takes up the said negroes and horses shall receive for each of the horses, two dollars if brought home, and eight dollars for each negro, paid by the subscriber.

WILLIAM M. WILKINSON.

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THE

LAWS

Of April Session, 1787.

ALSO

The VOTES and PROCEEDINGS

Of BOTH HOUSES.

15

A STORE-HOUSE to be RENTED.

Inquire of the Printers.

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ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, Francis-Street.